What is claimed is:

- 1. A method to prepare a microporous outside-in PVDF hollow fiber membrane which is spinned by immersion and coagulation, comprises:
- a. preparing polymer solution by introducing the following material into a mixer, dissolving and stirring it at a certain temperature:

Polyvinylidene Fluoride 18-25%(wt);

Organic additives 22-25%(wt);

Inorganic additives 0.5-5.0%(wt);

Solvent 59.5-45.0%(wt).

- b. extruding the said solution through outer tube of a double tube spinneret, and lumen forming composition liquid through inner tube of the same simultaneously;
- c. obtaining original fiber membrane by introducing and immersing the extruded polymer solution as well as the lumen liquid into a first stage coagulation bath, and consequently into a second coagulation bath after quick evaporization, wherein a precipitation takes place via phase inversion in the said two baths respectively;
- d. passing the original membrane through a rinsing bath, subjecting it to hydrophilic rendering; then an outside-in hollow fiber with double skins and complete spongy network is prepared.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the said organic additives consists of at least two of the groups of polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl alcohol, Tween and Triton; If the additives are more than two kinds, the total amount is constant.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the said inorganic additives is selected at least one from the group comprising lithium chloride, lithium nitrate and sodium acetate solution; If the additives are more than two kinds, the total amount is constant.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the said solvent is selected at least one from the group comprising N-Methyl Pyrrolidone, dimethylformamide, dimethylacetamide, dimethyl sulfoxide and triethyl phosphate; If the solvent is more than two kinds, the total amount is constant.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the said lumen foring liquid comprising 10-80% by weight of solvent of PVDF, 5-30% by weight of alcohol and polyalcohol, 0.5-5% by weight of surfactant and other is deionized water.
- 6. The method of claim 1, Wherein the molecular weight(Mw) of the polyvinylidene fluoride resins ranges from 400,000 to 800,000 daltons, and a characteristic viscosity ranges from 1.65-2.00.

- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the characteristic viscosity for the said PVDF resin is 1.75-1.85, the molecular weight of the said PVDF resin is 500,000 to 700,000 Dalton; if there is more than one kind of PVDF, the total amount is constant.
- 8. The method of claim 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7, wherein the said organic additive is polyvinylpyrrolidone, having a molecular weight ranging from 11,000 to 1,000,000 daltons, and the concentration for the said organic additive is 22-25%(wt).
- 9. The method of claim 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7, wherein the evaporation time is preferably ranging from 0.02s to 0.2s; the said first stage coagulating bath preferably comprises 40-80% by weight of solvent of PVDF resin in which the time of coagulation is 1.5s to 4.0s; and the said second stage coagulating bath preferably comprises 40-80% by weight of solvent of PVDF resin in which the time of coagulation is 4.0s to 120s.
- 10. The method of claim 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7, wherein the said hydrophilic agent is selected at least one or more from the group comprising 10-80% by weight of propanetriol, 0.05-5% by weight of hydroxypropyl cellulose and 0.5-5% by weight of Triton.
- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the said hydrophilic agent is selected at least one or more from the group comprising 10-80% by weight of propanetriol, 0.05-5% by weight of hydroxypropyl cellulose and 0.5-5% by weight of Triton.
- 12. The membrane of claim 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5 or 6 or 7, wherein the said hollow fiber has double skins which are internal and external and a complete sponge network supporting layer in the cross-section; the external skin is denser than the internal one; the microporous hollow fiber membrane has an average pore diameter ranging from $0.01\mu m$ to $0.06\mu m$, and water flux per unit wall thickness of 150 to $800L/m2.h.25\Box.1bar$, porosity of 70-85%, compressive strength of more than 0.5Mpa.
- 13. The membrane of claim 8, wherein the said hollow fiber has double skins which are internal and external and a complete sponge network supporting layer in the cross-section; the external skin is denser than the internal one; the microporous hollow fiber membrane has an average pore diameter ranging from 0.01μm to 0.06μm, and water flux per unit wall thickness of 150 to 800L/m2.h.25□.1bar, porosity of 70-85%, compressive strength of more than 0.5Mpa.